



Correspondence

Notes on Early Land Plants Today. 12. *Pseudomarsupidium borneensis* (Grolle) comb. nov.

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Adelanthus borneensis was described as belonging to the subgenus *Pseudomarsupidium* (Herzog 1953) Grolle (1972). Recent molecular studies (Feldberg *et al.* 2010) have shown that *Pseudomarsupidium* is better treated as a separate genus. Thus, a new combination is needed.

***Pseudomarsupidium borneensis* (Grolle) Váňa, L.Söderstr., A.Hagborg et von Konrat comb. nov.**

Basionym:—*Adelanthus borneensis* Grolle, J. Hattori Bot. Lab. 35: 362, 1972 (Grolle 1972).

Holotype:—BORNEO, Mt. Kinabalu, 2984–3350 m, leg. Mizutani 2836 (NICH-252836; isotype in JE!).

References

- Feldberg, K., Váňa, J., Long, D.G., Shaw, A.J., Hentschel, J. & Heinrichs, J. (2010) A phylogeny of Adelanthaceae (Jungermanniales, Marchantiophyta) based on nuclear and chloroplast DNA markers, with comments on classification, cryptic speciation and biogeography. *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution* 55: 293–304.
- Grolle, R. (1972) Zur Kenntnis von *Adelanthus* Mitt. *Journal of the Hattori Botanical Laboratory* 35: 325–370.
- Herzog, T. (1953) Eine neue Lebermossengattung, *Pseudomarsupidium* Herz. n. gen. aus Westpatagonien. *Svensk Botanisk Tidskrift* 47: 34–42.